

KUW Geography

Locational knowledge: To name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the UK the four countries and capital cittes of the UK and it's surrounding seas <u>Gorosphical Idells and Helenowith</u> <u>Gorosphical Idells and Helenowith</u> to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment. To use world maps. Atlases and globes to identify the UK and it's countries.

Science <u>Y1 Animals including humans</u> To identify, name =, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense <u>Y2 Living things and their habitats</u> <u>Ye Living Things and Their habitats</u> To notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults To find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air) To describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene.

RE-

To understand similarities and differences in religions To understand the importance of caring for others and our world. To identify how different religions care for the To identify how different religions show care to others and the importance of this.

KUW— Skills based objectives to focus on: Geographical skills and fieldwork- Map work:

Use a simple picture map to move around the school Use directional language such as near and far, up and down, left and right, forwards and backwards Use photographs and maps to identify features king maps Draw basic maps, including appropriate symbols and pictures to enresent places or feature Knowledge, including map knowledge: <u>Locational knowledge</u> <u>71</u>: Name the four countries of the United Kingdom and begi to draw comparisons with their characteristics <u>72</u>: Name and locate the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom using maps and atlases, labelling these on a map and identifying

their characteristics. Y2: Name and locate the surrounding seas of Great Britain.

Science—Working scientifically> ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in

different ways <u>Plants and animals (incluiding humans):</u> Y1: Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense. Y2: Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including

humans, for survival (water, food and air) Y2: Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene

Mastery opportunities for Literacy: To use outdoor explorations to encourage adjectives,

- expanded nouns and similes for living things
- To report on themselves To compare different religions
- To write instructions for how to create their Art work To describe and recount a trip
- To explain life cycles
 to compare and contrast pond life

Communication Language and Literacy

Genre- Diaries and story writing

SPAG: Year 1

-Learing spaces between words - Joining words and joining clauses using and - Beginning to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, guestion mark or exclamation mark - Using a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun T

Word How the prefix un- changes the meaning of verbs and adjectives [negation, for example, unkind, or undoing: untie the boat]

<u>Sentence</u> Joining words and joining clauses using and

<u>Punctuation</u> Capital letters for names and for the personal pronoun I

Year 2 -Learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly, including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question -Even key new to see user and made use here particulation of user for the stage (use stops, cup) that -Sections and the section of the stage of the

Sentence Subordination (using when, if, that, because) and coordination (using or, and , but) How the grammatical patterns in a sentence indicate its function as a statement, questions, exclamation or command.

Week 1 and 2

This is me!

Computing — How can a series of words form a sequence? HOOK: Art — What makes me special? RE— Do all religions think that everyone is unique and special? Science— Are all bodies the same?

Computing— How can I create an algorithm? Geog- Where do I live? RE— Why should we care for others? Science- How do we experience the outdoors?

Week 3 and 4

Computing— How do I follow an algorithm? Geog - Where do I live? RE- Why should we care for the world around us? Science— Why is exercise important?

Computing— How do I create a mat for a robot? Science—What goes in a healthy meal? RE— How do different religions look after the poor? Science— Are all people the same?

Week 5

Computing — How do I test and debug an algorithm? Art—Are all self portraits the same? RE— Who shows care to others? Science— How do people change?

Week 6—History Heritage week

Children will be learning about different habitats and their living creatures and use the theme as a vehicle for all creative, literacy and

knowledge and understanding

Mathematical Development

Fractions

- recognise and find a half
- recognise and find a guarter
- recognise and find a third
- unit and non-unit fractions

-O'clock and half past -Hours, minutes and seconds -Quarter past and quarter to -Tell the time past and to the hour T-ell the time to 5 minutes

Mass, capacity and temperature

- measure in grams and kilograms
- compare volume and capacity
- measure in millilitres and litres -measure temperature

Creative Development

- Art To use a range of materials creatively to design and make
- products To use drawing and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line and space
- Oraning /1: Colour neatly within the lines using control of lines to create simple drawings from imagination and observations Y2: begin to add detail to line drawings Sculpture Scapture 19: experiment with collage 19: experiment with collage 20: express percention experimence and ideas to shape and form using direct observations with both malleable and rigid materials 29: build up deconstive techniques to replicate patterns and textures

Esafety: Health and well-being-how computing can affect our health and well-being

Computing: Create an algorithm Test and debug an algorithm <u>C</u>reate a mat for a robot Fest and review the mat

- -parts and wholes
- -equal and unequal groups
- recognise and find 3 guarters

Time

- compare mass

Creative Development Music-D&T

To understand where fruit comes from To plan a fruit smoothie To make a fruit smoothie To review the fruit smoothie

Physical Development

NUFC—Striking and fielding

Teamwork' To include all team members To build trust and communication To cooperate with team members To problem solve in a team



Grange View C.E Primary School



To read scales for maps
 To identify similarities and differences with each other
 To understand simple grid references to locate their positions in the school grounds
 To use position and direction language to plot and record

To understand different feelings

happy To know what to do when we feel

unhappy To learn how to help ourselves with

To learn the importance of speaking to people who can help us about our

To identify what makes us feel

Mastery opportunities for maths:

minibeasts - to collect and present data in charts

PSHE

big feelings

feelings.

Communication Language and Literacy Communication Language and Literacy Stories that raise issues and dilemmas —reading, studying and then writing own Stories that raise issues and dilemmas —reading, studying and then writing own stories Persuasive Texts—reading, studying and then writing own persuasive texts Using a range of media to create oral and visual versions of persuasive texts <u>Big writing</u>—working on target : To write imaginative and thoughtful texts. SPA6: Expanded noun phrases for description and specification (e.g. the blue butterfly, plain flour, the man in the moon) <u>ICT—school 360—logo</u> To develop and refine ideas by bringing together and organizing text, images and sound as appropriate To be sensitive to the needs of the audience and think carefully about the content To talk about what they could improve in future work